

RATIFICATION
BY FOUR POWERS

Will Bring German Peace Treaty in Force Between Ratifying Powers

ENABLING RESUMPTION OF TRADE

The Turkish and Bulgarian Treaties Will Be Negotiated in Constantinople

Paris, May 16.—The German peace treaty, it developed to-day, contains a clause which has not yet been made public providing that ratification by Germany and three of the principal allied powers will bring the treaty into force between the ratifying parties, enabling the immediate resumption of trade.

It is quite probable that the Turkish and Bulgarian peace treaties will be negotiated and signed in Constantinople, Saloniki, or some other convenient city in the Near East, according to Reuter's Paris office.

As the result of conferences among the representatives of the powers, which were being continued to-day, the text of the German treaty will probably be made public by installments. It is reported that the financial and boundaries sections of the document will be released to-night.

It was pointed out to-day in connection with the stipulation as to the ratification of the German treaty that any nation which withheld ratification after three of the principal powers had ratified would be at a disadvantage in a commercial way. This would follow from the fact that the ratifying powers would be able to resume trade relations with Germany at once while the states that delayed would have no such privilege.

THE ADRIATIC CONTROVERSY.

Pending Adjustment May Reach Direct Settlement.

Paris, May 16.—Negotiations pending for the adjustment of the Adriatic controversy contemplate a direct settlement between Italy and Jugoslavia, through American mediation. By this plan the Austrian treaty would not specify the disposition to be made of Dalmatia, Istria or Fiume, beyond detaching them from Austria.

"WHAT ELSE CAN WE DO?"

German Peace Treaty Will Be Signed By Germans.

Versailles, May 16.—A distinct impression among some of the subordinate members of the German peace mission that the Germans will sign the peace treaty is reflected in the remark of one of the secretaries, who is quoted as saying:

"What else can we do but sign? We are on the ground, your knees are on our stomachs and your thumbs in our eyes."

QUICK ANSWER TO GERMANS.

On Their Objections to Treaty Arrangements for Left Bank of Nile.

Paris, May 16 (Havas).—A preliminary answer to the German note registering objections to the treaty arrangements for the left bank of the Rhine and the Saar valley has been drafted by the special commission on territorial affairs, presided over by Andre Tardieu, it was reported this morning.

EVIDENCE OF COMPROMISE.

Says Eduard Bernstein in Berlin of Peace Terms.

Paris, May 16 (Havas).—Eduard Bernstein, the German socialist democrat leader, in an article in Vorwarts of Berlin, transmitted here, says that the peace terms show evidence of compromise on several points and that a sense of moderation is evident. He points out that many of the demands on Germany are only temporary in character, but declares that amelioration of some of the terms ought to be obtained through oral discussion.

Herr Bernstein reaches the conclusion that Germany must say "no" to the actual conditions, but that this "no" must leave the "road open for the allies."

PRESIDENT WILL BE NOTIFIED BY CABLE

Assembling of Congress Will Take This Procedure When It Meets on Monday.

Washington, D. C., May 16.—President Wilson will be officially notified by cable of the assembling of Congress when both Houses convene in extra session Monday, congressional leaders, it became known to-day, have decided that in view of President Wilson being in Paris use of the cable was the logical method of going through with the customary procedure of notifying him. Ordinarily a committee representing both Houses wait upon the president at the White House, informing him that Congress is now in session, and asking if he has any communication which he desires to transmit to it.

FIXING AUSTRIAN FRONTIERS.

Council of Foreign Ministers Continued Their Work To-day.

Paris, May 16.—The council of foreign ministers continued work to-day on subsidiary details of the Austrian treaty having to do with the new Austrian frontiers. It is considered unlikely that the treaty will be ready for presentation to the Austrian plenipotentiaries before Wednesday of next week.

APPROVES PEACE TERMS.

Spanish Newspaper Organ Thinks the Stipulations Right.

Madrid, May 16 (Havas).—Approval of the terms presented Germany is voiced by the Diario Universal, the organ of former Premier Romanones, the Spanish liberal leader. The paper declares that it would be unjust to accuse the allied and associated governments of imperialism after the ravages suffered by France and Italy.

30,000 WORKERS OUT ON STRIKE IN WINNIPEG

General Suspension of Industry Caused By Walkout—Recognition of Unions and Wage Increases the Demands.

Winnipeg, May 16.—Telephone operators in all the local exchanges joined the general strike here to-day, paralyzing all telephonic communication. At a meeting to-day the stereotypers and web pressmen decided to join the general strike, foreshadowing suspension of publication by Winnipeg's three daily newspapers.

The strike committee is considering the advisability of authorizing the Labor News, a weekly labor organ, to publish a daily edition.

Perfect order so far has marked the general strike which to-day involved nearly 30,000 workers in almost every branch of the city's activity.

With a strike of the metal and building trades on May 1, the walkout has gathered strength until nearly all the retail stores and plants are involved, together with railroad shops and in some cases bakers.

The general walkout began at 11 o'clock yesterday and spread rapidly to all classes of workers, even clerks in the city hall and 260 postoffice employees quitting their places. Policemen remained on duty at the request of the strike committee, but fire stations were manned only by volunteers.

Recognition of the unions and wage increases were first causes for refusal of the workers to consider arbitration, but several issues were injected by the returned soldiers' organizations. At a mass meeting last night of several thousand veterans a resolution was adopted providing that after settlement of the present strike no discussion of deportation of undesirable enemy aliens.

CHINESE CABINET WISHES TO QUIT

But President of the Country Has Refused to Accept Resignation—

Internal Peace Conference Has Broken Up.

Paris, May 16.—The Chinese cabinet has resigned, but the president has refused to accept the resignation, according to a telegram from Peking to the peace conference.

The peace conference at Shanghai between representatives of northern and southern China, the telegram adds, has broken up.

The Chinese cabinet was reported to have decided to instruct the delegation at Paris not to sign the peace treaty in a dispatch from Peking on May 7. There has been no confirmation of that report from official sources. It is not unlikely the proffered resignation of the cabinet, which was reorganized on March 3, has some connection with the Chinese feeling over the decision of the peace conference concerning Shantung.

Representatives of northern and southern China have been in session at Shanghai for several months, but the conference has been deadlocked most of the time. The main conflict is over the constitutionality of the parliament sitting in Peking under control of the northern government. Recent reports have been that a compromise appeared imminent.

PROTEST WILLARD-DEMPSEY BOUT

Toledo Ministerial Union Asks Officials to Prevent the Battle.

Toledo, O., May 16.—Protest against the Jess Willard-Jack Dempsey heavyweight championship fight at Bayview park, a municipal owned plot of ground, here, July 4, is expected to be in the hands of Governor Cox of Ohio and James F. Mathias, sheriff of Lucas county to-day. These officials, together with Mayor Schreiber of Toledo, were requested by the Toledo Ministerial union, an organization of 250 churches, to prohibit the contest.

The protest, mailed to the state officials and Mayor Schreiber yesterday characterized the coming fight as "a gladiatorial contest worthy of the Roman arena of infamous memory"; declared that it would teach youths "to see red" and would result in an invasion of Toledo by gamblers and thieves.

Mayor Schreiber answered to-day that the government had made boxing a part of the curriculum in the army and navy, and that the fight would bring thousands of visitors to Toledo who will expend hundreds of thousands of dollars. The contest, the mayor's statement added, would stimulate Toledo's business, provide employment to labor, bring the advantages of the city to the attention of the world, and result in enriching the city's charity fund by approximately \$35,000.

BILL TO CURB RADICALS

Will Be Introduced in Congress, Says Senator Overman.

Washington, D. C., May 16.—Senator Overman of North Carolina, chairman of the Senate committee which has been investigating the spread of lawless propaganda in the United States, announced to-day that a bill designed to reach persons advocating overthrow of the government by force will be introduced in the extra session of Congress. The committee will meet next week to complete its report.

Senator Overman was one of the men to whom infernal machines were mailed in the May day bomb plot, but the package was held up by postoffice authorities.

GERMAN FINANCIAL EXPERT

Arrived at Versailles to Take Part in German Deliberations.

Versailles, May 16.—Among those who arrived to-day from Berlin to join the German peace delegation was Professor Weber, a financial expert. During the war Professor Weber gained notoriety by calling the attention of Chancellor Von Bethmann-Hollweg to the fact that the figures submitted by Admiral Von Tirpitz on the sinking of merchantmen by German submarines were false.

RED SOX BUY HENRY.

Will Join the Team at St. Louis Next Sunday.

Boston, May 16.—The sale of John Henry, a catcher of the Boston National league team, to the Boston American league club, was announced to-day. Henry will join the Red Sox next Sunday at St. Louis.

C-5 MAY RESUME FLIGHT SOON

U. S. Navy Dirigible Is Reported Not Badly Damaged in Runaway

SPARE PARTS ARE NOW AT ST. JOHNS

Official Report Says That the Runaway Was Unavoidable

Washington, D. C., May 16.—The runaway of the navy dirigible C-5 at St. Johns yesterday was an unavoidable accident, due to wind conditions, said the official account of the incident sent to the navy department to-day by the airship's commander, Lieutenant Commander E. W. Coil.

"All possible precautions had been taken by the landing party," Commander Coil said. Press dispatches indicating that the dirigible probably was little damaged surprised officials and revived hope that it might be possible to continue the proposed trans-Atlantic flight of the C-5 with only a few days' delay. It had been supposed that she would be so damaged that only her engines and some parts of her equipment could be salvaged.

The fact is that the airship was in such condition that the damage might be so slight that it could be repaired at St. Johns. Spare engines and some other parts already are at St. Johns.

Commander Coil's report follows: "Navy dirigible C-5 broke adrift at 1:45 Greenwich time (3:45 p. m. Atlantic time) and drifted to sea in a northeasterly direction. Wind velocity approximately 40 miles an hour strong gusts. No person was injured and none on board."

"C-5 was preparing to rip, due to impossibility of remaining at mooring. Rip cord failed, breaking at junction of outside patch nose. Bridge suspension carried away, followed by preventer loop on nose of car, which permitted mooring lines to take all strain. These two three-inch lines parted. Dirigible rose in air held only by two forward handling lines held by men of ground crew. These were jerked from hands of crew by C-5 rising, crashing and rebounding into the air."

"U. S. S. Edwards put to sea to follow C-5."

"Lieutenant C. G. Little in car at time of breakaway, but escaped injury by jumping from a height of 20 feet. "All possible precautions taken by landing party. Accident unavoidable, due to wind conditions."

St. Johns, N. F., May 16.—The United States naval dirigible C-5 said to have been only slightly damaged when she broke from her moorings and drifted to sea yesterday afternoon, was reported in tow of the destroyer Edwards on the way back to port to-day.

Finding of the runaway balloon so close to shore led aviation officers to believe that either the craft had ascended to a great height and burst with the air pressure against its sides lightened, or that the pull on the rip cord which Lieutenant Charles G. Little risked his life to operate, was about sufficient, though the cord broke in his hand, to start deflation of the gas bag.

The Edwards reported by wireless to the cruiser Chicago, headquarters of the temporary American aviation base, that she had picked up the balloon 85 miles at sea, where the British cargo steamer, War Nepegon, was standing by, awaiting the arrival of the rescue vessel.

The War Nepegon's captain advised the Chicago that he discovered the dirigible on the water last night while his vessel was outward bound for a British port.

Marine signal stations here reported a ship, believed to be the Edwards, proceeding slowly shoreward 30 miles southeast of St. Johns. The report tallied with the latest information from the Chicago, which was to the effect that the dirigible was having difficulty in towing the balloon. At her present speed it was expected that several hours would elapse before the C-5 was brought into port.

VASSAR STUDENTS INJURED.

Three in Hospital in Serious Condition from Explosion.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., May 16.—Reports from Vassar brothers' hospital to-day indicated that the condition of Miss Margaret Hubbel, 20, of Garden City, L. I., Miss Helen Hewitt, 21, of Granville, N. Y., and Miss Lucy Hale, 20, of Los Angeles, Cal., injured yesterday in a chemical explosion at Vassar college, was serious, but critical. The hospital authorities said eye specialists had been combating the chemical action and that the girls probably would not lose their sight. They are somewhat disfigured.

Ten other Vassar students were suffering from minor injuries, caused by the bursting of a retort in Saunders' laboratory.

FEW SOUGHT ASSISTANCE.

Only Eight Per Cent of Commissioned Officers Asked Aid.

Washington, May 16.—Only eight per cent of the 103,524 commissioned officers, who were discharged from the army up to May 3, required the assistance of federal agencies in securing public today. None of the 22 general officers who returned to civil life asked assistance, but four colonels, 15 lieutenant colonels and 151 majors made requests. The proportion increased in the lower grades to 10 per cent in the case of second lieutenants.

HENRY FORD IN SUIT.

Opening Statement To-day in His Libel Suit Against Tribune.

Mount Clemens, Mich., May 16.—Henry Ford and son, Edsel, sat side by side in Judge Tucker's court to-day when the opening statement of Mr. Ford's \$1,000,000 libel suit against the Chicago Tribune was made by Attorney Alfred K. Murphy. Mr. Ford said he expected to spend most of his time here until a verdict is reached.

ALEX DUNCAN HEAD OF VT. ODD FELLOWS

Elected Grand Master at Convention of Grand Lodge in Burlington Yesterday—Rebekahs in Session Yesterday Afternoon.

Burlington, May 16.—The 79th annual convention of the grand lodge of Vermont, I. O. O. F., was held yesterday with delegates from the New York, New Hampshire and Massachusetts grand lodges present. The following officers were elected:

Grand master, Alexander Duncan of Barre; deputy grand master, H. T. Brown of Ludlow; grand warden, H. A. Morse of Bellows Falls; grand secretary, Frank W. Jackson of Barre; grand treasurer, L. C. Grant of Burlington; grand chaplain, J. B. Reardon of Barre; grand conductor, O. L. Martin of Plainfield; grand guardian, N. C. Buck of Randolph; grand herald, C. A. Anderson of Proctor; delegate to the sovereign grand lodge convention, Oscar W. Edwards of Burlington.

The annual address was delivered by the retiring grand master, Oscar W. Edwards of this city. He called attention to the fact that the year 1918 showed a net loss in membership, due to conditions which were the result of the great war, but he said that with the coming of peace splendid progress is being made in building up the membership of the order and that Odd Fellowship will undoubtedly see a banner year. He called attention to the fact that the financial interests of the lodges in the state are handled by officers giving personal bonds which he did not think might fulfill all requirements and he suggested that all officers connected with the grand lodge secure from some reliable company a corporate surety bond.

Yesterday afternoon about 400 members of the Rebekah assembly from all parts of the state attended a reception in the parlors of the New Sherwood hotel. Among those in the receiving line were: Clara Peterson of St. Johnsbury, president of the assembly; Sister Gertrude Jewell of Proctorville, assembly master; Sister Emma Bates of Ludlow, assembly secretary; Sister Lydia Perry of Brattleboro, grand inside guardian, and several of the past presidents of the order, including Mrs. Emma Rand of Saxtons River, Mrs. Angie Endress of Bennington and Mrs. Alice Loudrey of Brattleboro.

Last evening the Rebekah degree was conferred on a large class of candidates in city hall by Missa lodge of Ludlow, the opening and closing ceremonies being carried out by Beatrice Rebekah lodge of this city.

MEXICAN REBELS INFLECT SEVERE LOSSES

To Federal Troops Under General Quiroga Hurrying North to the Relief of Chihuahua.

Washington, May 16.—Mexican rebels allied with the troops under Francisco Villa, attacked the town of Corralitos, May 6 and in the battle inflicted severe losses on federal troops under General Pablo Quiroga, who were hurrying north to the relief of Chihuahua City, which was being menaced by the Villistas. News of the battle evidently was held up by the Mexican censor and the first intimation that such a clash had occurred has just reached here to-day by mail.

General Juan Barragan, chief of staff of the Mexican army, the mail dispatch said, has refused to deny or affirm that the battle at Corralitos was a victory for the rebels, but General Quiroga is quoted as reporting that the Villistas were compelled to withdraw after federal reinforcements arrived.

MORE ARRIVALS FROM BREST.

The Transport Plattsburg Brings 1899 Troops.

New York, May 16.—The transport Plattsburg arrived from Brest to-day with 1,899 troops, among them the 322d field artillery comprising 42 officers and 1,257 men. Other passengers included 43 convalescents; 60 wives of soldiers, 13 sailors' wives, 13 stranded American civilians, and 601 naval men from American ships and stations in European waters.

ALLIED WARSHIPS GATHER AT SMYRNA

In Connection with Mandate to Greece to Administer the City—One American Battleship and Four Destroyers There.

Paris, May 16.—An extensive allied naval concentration has begun at Smyrna in connection with a mandate to Greece to administer the city.

The British and the French have a fleet on the scene with landing parties, the Greeks have a battleship and five gunboats, and the Italians have five large warships. The United States naval forces are the battleship Arizona and two destroyers. The various allied naval contingents are drawn from the forces in the Adriatic and the Black sea.

Troops are also being concentrated from Saloniki. It is understood that British and French forces are co-operating in the Greek administrative mandate.

PITTSBURG STILL WALKING.

That Is, Those Who Cannot Get on the Buses.

Pittsburg, May 16.—Pittsburg entered its second day of the street car strike this morning. While thousands of persons swayed perilously on trucks and improvised lances, the jam and congestion of yesterday was lacking, and the great throngs that walked cityward from the nearer districts were far more orderly. Even the exorbitant automobile prices of yesterday seemed to have been reduced in most cases.

The strike meanwhile continued with no signs of a settlement. Neither the railroad officials of the Pittsburg Railways company nor members of the street car men's union had any hope early to-day of reaching an agreement and conductors' demand for a 12 cents an hour wage increase.

KING ALBERT IN AIRPLANE.

Belgian Ruler Starts for England by the Air Route.

Brussels, Thursday, May 15 (Havas).—King Albert left the Belgian capital in an airplane to-day for England.

SPECIAL GRAND JURY ON BROADWELL DEATH; COURT HEARING JUNE 2

BLEW OFF TOP OF HIS HEAD

Arthur J. Blanding of Brattleboro Put Rifle Under Chin

HAD BEEN IN ILL HEALTH FOR A TIME

Two Years Ago He Secured a Divorce and Was Living at His Mother's Home

Brattleboro, May 16.—Arthur J. Blanding, aged 35 years, committed suicide this morning at his home on Maple street by shooting himself with a rifle. He went to the cellar, placed the muzzle of the gun under his chin and discharged the rifle with his foot, the bullet going completely through his head and blowing off the top part. The only other occupant of the house was his mother, who was asleep.

Blanding was engaged in making building blocks. He secured a divorce two years ago. He had been in ill health.

BOARD OF TRADE COMMITTEES

Have Been Named—Headquarters of the Secretary Established.

Secretary W. A. Drew of the Board of Trade has his office in room 1, Howland building. The telephone call is 22-W. The following committees have been appointed from the organization for the year 1919:

Legislative—S. Hollister Jackson, R. S. Currier, H. A. Phelps.

Arbitration—F. C. Fisher, George Mutch, C. S. Andrews.

Advisory—F. E. Langley, J. W. Carver, N. D. Phelps.

Educational—C. H. White, O. K. Hollister, L. R. Hutchinson.

Electric power—C. A. Brown, James Gleason, E. P. Carter.

Foreign trade—J. W. Gordon, W. T. Caldwell, Thomas Carroll.

Municipal affairs—H. C. Ladd, J. F. Higgins, G. H. Page.

Statistics and information—James Mackay, J. G. More, D. J. Morse.

Membership—George Kent, N. B. Ballard, Stephen Rizz.

Meetings and reception—W. G. Reynolds, A. A. Milne, John C. Booth, E. M. Tobin, C. F. Miller, Guy Varnum, J. G. Calogian, Stanley Marsh.

Mercantile affairs—A. C. Moore, W. D. Smith, N. S. Love, Frank J. Shea.

Manufacturing—Riley Burgess, Alex. Duncan, J. G. Calogian.

New enterprises—F. G. Howland, W. C. Johnson, Jr., D. M. Barclay.

Publicity—Dean H. Perry, H. P. Hinman, Loren J. Bell.

Transportation and railroads—B. A. Eastman, William Barclay, Waldron Shield.

Taxation and insurance—Frank Beard, C. B. Gladding, C. W. Perry.

Ways and means—C. W. Melcher, V. E. Myers, A. J. Young.

Advisory—George N. Tilden, Guy Varnum, J. N. Gall, Dr. J. H. Woodruff.

SPANISH-AMERICAN "VETS."

Held Their Annual Festivities at Caledonia Park To-day.

About 35 veterans of the Spanish-American war had gathered at Caledonia park early this afternoon to engage in the festivities of the annual reunion of the Washington county organization and to participate in the program arranged by Thomas Mercer and William Wishart of Barre and Clayton Boyce of Montpelier. Before the afternoon was out it was expected there would be several more men in attendance.

The guests of honor were Major F. W. Russell of Plymouth, N. H., who was in the regular army for some time and was in the New Hampshire National Guard at the time of the Spanish-American war, and W. A. Benway of Montpelier, a Yankee division man.

WARM SENTENCE MAY 22.

Judge Wilson Names Day When Penalty Will Be Imposed.

St. Albans, May 16.—The date for final hearing and sentence in the case of Robert Warm, found guilty in Franklin county court of manslaughter for the death of Jennie Hemmingsway in August, 1917, was set to-day by Judge Stanley C. Wilson for Thursday morning, May 22, at 9 o'clock.

MAKING NEW CITIZENS.

Session of Naturalization Court Being Held at Montpelier.

A session of United States district court occurred to-day in Montpelier for naturalization purposes. Judge H. B. Howe was present, as was Clerk Conlin of Winoski. It was the latter's first appearance in court here since he was appointed. Applicants for final papers appeared this morning, and were put through the mill. K. C. Small of Boston represented the federal government.

BROOKLYN STREET HOUSE DAMAGED

Fire, Believed to Have Been Started Accidentally by Boys, Causes Loss of About \$500.

The two-tenement house at 27 Brooklyn street, owned by I. W. Slocum of Berlin, the lower suite of rooms of which is occupied by Mrs. J. E. Rodney and family, was threatened by fire yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock, when the firemen appeared at the critical moment. The upper part of the house is vacant and two small boys are believed to have set fire to a quantity of hay while playing with matches in a woodshed at the rear of the house. Little fire had been kept in the stove by Mrs. Rodney and as the fire apparently started very close to the outside entrance of the shed, it is the supposition that the small blaze seen in that vicinity started the blaze.

Mrs. Rodney, visiting a neighbor, noticing the smoke pouring out of the door and roof of the shed, hastened to investigate. Upon opening a door, flames confronted her, singeing her hair and eyebrows. Seeing the imminent danger, a telephone call was sent in by Mr. Sullivan, next-door, and was responded to in amazingly quick time by the firemen, who found it necessary to sound a general alarm from box 24.

The men deserve much credit for quelling a fire which had such a start.

The damage, estimated at between \$400 and \$500, was confined to the roof and walls. The G. Herbert Pape company carried the insurance.

CULMINATES NEXT WEEK.

Financial Drive of the Methodists Is Nearing an End.

One hundred years ago, the first missionary effort of the Methodist Episcopal church was begun. John Stewart, a negro, had been converted and joined the church and went out preaching in the mountain districts of Kentucky. To commemorate the 100th anniversary of this event, the Methodist church has entered upon the Centenary movement, extending throughout the world and the results of which will profoundly affect the world. The Centenary movement has several aims as its goal, among them being an enlarged spiritual life, the securing of young men for the ministry and of young women as deaconesses, educational advance and increased giving. A fund of \$105,000,000 is to be raised within five years, this sum being a definite amount reached after a most complete survey of all fields, foreign and local, based upon the minimum at which effective service can be done in each field. Likewise, the amount has been apportioned to be raised among its various fields and churches throughout the world, based upon certain points, making the amounts fair and equal for each local church.

The Centenary program has been presented since the beginning, in January of this year, throughout the Vermont charges, and the Hedding church of this city has been most faithful in its devotion to the program. Various groups and leaders have been distributing educational material along the lines being worked upon, and each Sunday local minute men have presented to the congregations various phases of the movement. Throughout the country 100,000 of these minute men have been speaking, covering every church service.

Next week is the culmination of the financial drive throughout the world for churches of the denomination, although some churches have anticipated the effort and have completed their quotas already. The quota for the local church has been set at \$16,335 for the entire five years, or \$3,267 to be raised each year. The plan is to raise this sum in weekly pledges, these taking the place of the former weekly pledges for benevolence. Nine teams of canvassers have been secured, and the canvass is to begin on Sunday afternoon and be continued Monday and Tuesday evenings of next week, or until completed. Every member of the church is to be seen and a pledge secured, the plan being to make a quick, intensive campaign. The teams will meet each evening at the supper hour together, following supper reports will be given, and then the workers will again start out. This evening at 6 the members of the teams will take supper together at the church and the final arrangements will be made and instructions given. Some pledges already have been secured, and there is no doubt that the Hedding church will go "over the top" when all the members have done their best.

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Other officers attending court, were Deputy Clerk Esther E. Anderson, Marshal A. P. Carpenter, Deputy G. F. Lackey and Bailiff J. S. Haley.

The following were naturalized: James F. Donahue, Barre Town; James Doherty, Montpelier; Nerezo Cardini, Barre; Louis J. Harrison, Montpelier; Frank Bourget, Barre Town; Alfred J. Walker, Montpelier; Floyd O. Christopher, Randolph; Sherwood D. Christopher, Randolph; Joseph Carr, Montpelier; Adam Letalien, Worcester; Kasker Aalto, Barre Town; Orazio Conti, Barre Town; John Madson, changed to John Matson, Barre Town; Eli King, Barre Town; Joquin Hoz, Barre; Carlo Ermoli, Barre; Natalie Cardini, Barre; Natalie Brusa, Barre; Luigi Campi, Barre; Peter Groppe, Barre.

State's Attorney Davis Announced at Preliminary Arraignment of Long and Mrs. Parker To-day That the Grand Jury Will Be at Work on Matter in Two Weeks.

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RESPONDENTS WEREN'T KED TO MAKE LEA TO-DAY

Four Witnesses, Gabriel Bianchi, Gertrude Hunt, Joseph Shadrout and Irving B. Smith, Allowed to Go on Their Own Recognizance, in Sum of \$1,000.